21)
$$2x + 3 = -15$$
 $-15 + -3$
 $2x + 3 = -15$
 $-15 + -3$

Oheak $2(-9) + 3$
 $-18 + 3$
 $-18 + 3$
 -15
 $2x = -9$
 $-3x - 8 = 16$
 $-5x = 21$
 $-3x = -7$
 $x = -7$

$$\begin{array}{c} (0) 4 - (3+2)^{2} \div 5 \\ 4 - (5)^{2} \div 5 \\ 4 - 25 \div 5 \\ 4 - 5 \\ -1 \end{array}$$

1)
$$\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) = \frac{6}{12} = \frac{1}{2}$$
 $\frac{6}{12} = \frac{3}{6} = \frac{1}{2}$

12 $\frac{5}{8} \div \frac{4}{3} \Rightarrow \left(\frac{5}{8}\right)\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) = \frac{15}{32}$

13 $2x + 4 + 5x + 8 = -7x - 4$
 $-4 + -8 = -4$