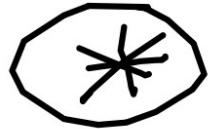


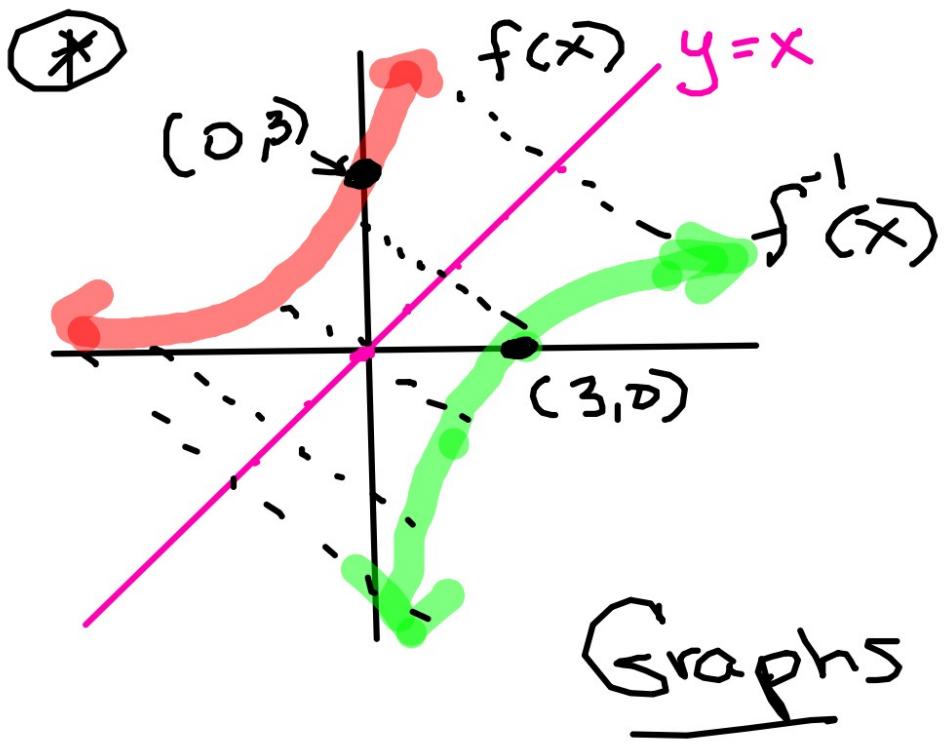
Inverse of function

- * The inverse of $f(x)$ is written $f^{-1}(x)$
- * The inverse of a function is where all $x \leftrightarrow y$ coordinates switch. $(x, y) \rightarrow (y, x)$
 $(5, -2) \rightarrow (-2, 5)$

Ex: $f(x) = \{(1, 3), (4, 5), (8, -10)\}$ ↘
 $f^{-1}(x) = \{(3, 1), (5, 4), (-10, 8)\}$



The inverse of a function
is the reflection over
the line $y = x$.



sketch
 $f^{-1}(x)$

sketch
 $y = x$

$f^{-1}(x)$

Steps to find the inverse of function

1. Change $f(x)$ to "y" ($y =$)

2. Switch x & y

3. Solve for y

$$f(x) = 2x + 4$$
$$y = 2x + 4$$
$$x = 2y + 4$$

$$x - 4 = 2y$$
$$\frac{x-4}{2} = y$$
$$\frac{x-4}{2} =$$

$$f(x) = 5x - 3$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{5}x + 3$$

Find $f^{-1}(x)$

$$y = 5x - 3$$

$$\frac{x+y}{5} = 5y - 3$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{5}x + \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{x+3}{5} = \frac{5y}{5}$$

$$\frac{x+3}{5} = y$$

$$f(x) = x^2 + 3$$

Find $f^{-1}(x)$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{1} \quad & y = x^2 + 3 \\ \textcircled{2} \quad & x = y^2 + 3 \\ & -3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{x-3} = \sqrt{y^2}$$
$$\textcircled{3} \quad \sqrt{x-3} = y$$

Example

$$f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt{x-3}$$