## Mutually Exclusive/ Non-Mutually Exclusive Worksheet

## Determine if the events are *mutually exclusive* or *non-mutually exclusive*. Then determine the probability of each.

- 1. Find the probability of choosing a penny or a dime from 4 pennies, 3 nickels and 6 dimes.
- 2. Find the probability of selecting a boy or a blond-haired person from 12 girls, 5 of whom have blond hair, and 15 boys, 6 of whom have blond hair.
- 3. Find the probability of drawing a king or queen from a standard deck of cards.
- 4. The probability for a driver's license applicant to pass the road test the first time is 5/6. The probability of passing the written test on the first attempt is 9/10. The probability of passing both test the first time is 4/5. Are the events mutually exclusive? What is the probability of passing either test on the first attempt?
- 5. Find the probability of tossing two dice and either one showing a 4.
- 6. Find the probability of selecting an ace or a red card from a deck of cards.
- 7. Determine the probability that a card drawn from a deck is red or a face card.
- 8. Find the probability of two dice being tossed and showing a sum of 6 or a sum of 9.
- 9. A weather forecaster states that the probability of rain is 3/5, the probability of lightning is 2/5, and the probability of both is 1/5. What is the probability of a sporting event being cancelled due to rain or lightning?
- 10. A bag contains cards numbered from 1 to 14. One card is drawn at random. Find the probability of:
  - a) selecting a prime number or a multiple of four.
  - b) selecting a multiple of two or a multiple of three.
  - c) selecting a 3 or a 4.
  - d) selecting an 8 or a number less than 8.

## Solutions:

1. mutually exclusive; 
$$P(A) = 4/13$$
;  $P(B) = 6/13$ ;  $P(A \text{ or } B) = 4/13 + 6/13 = 10/13$ 

2. non- mutually exclusive; 
$$P(A) = 15/27$$
;  $P(B) 11/27$ ;  $P(A \& B) = 6/27$   $P(A \text{ or } B) = 15/27 + 11/27 - 6/27 = 20/27$ 

3. mutually exclusive; 
$$P(A) = 4/52$$
;  $P(B) = 4/52$ ;  $P(A \text{ or } B) = 8/52 = 2/13$ 

4. non mutually exclusive; 
$$P(A) = 5/6$$
;  $P(B) = 9/10$ ;  $P(A \& B) = 4/5$   $P(A \text{ or } B) = 5/6 + 9/10 - 4/5 = 14/15$ 

5. non -mutually exclusive; 
$$P(A) = 1/6$$
;  $P(B) = 1/6$ ;  $P(A \& B) = 1/36$   $P(A \text{ or } B) = 1/6 + 1/6 - 1/36 = 11/36$ 

6. non-mutually exclusive; 
$$P(A) = 4/52$$
;  $P(B) = 26/52$ ;  $P(A \& B) = 2/52$   
 $P(A \text{ or } B) = 4/52 + 26/52 - 2/52 = 28/52 = 7/13$ 

7. non-mutually exclusive; 
$$P(A) = 26/52$$
;  $P(B) = 12/52$ ;  $P(A \& B) = 6/52$   $P(A \text{ or } B) = 26/52 + 12/52 - 6/52 = 32/52 = 8/13$ 

8. mutually exclusive; 
$$P(A) = 5/36$$
;  $P(B) = 4/36$   
 $P(A \text{ or } B) = 9/36 = 1/4$ 

9. non- mutually exclusive; 
$$P(A) = 3/5$$
;  $P(B) = 2/5$ ;  $P(A \& B) = 1/5$   
  $P(A \text{ or } B) = 3/5 + 2/5 - 1/5 = 4/5$ 

10.

a) mutually exclusive; 
$$P(A) = 6/14$$
;  $P(B) = 3/14$   
  $P(A \text{ or } B) = 9/14$ 

b) non-mutually exclusive; 
$$P(A) = 7/14$$
;  $P(B) = 4/14$ ;  $P(A \& B) = 2/14$   $P(A \text{ or } B) = 7/14 + 4/14 - 2/14 = 9/14$ 

c) mutually exclusive; 
$$P(A) = 1/14$$
;  $P(B) = 1/14$   
 $P(A \text{ or } B) = 2/14 = 1/7$ 

d) mutually exclusive; 
$$P(A) = 1/14$$
;  $P(B) = 7/14$   
 $P(A \text{ or } B) = 8/14 = 4/7$