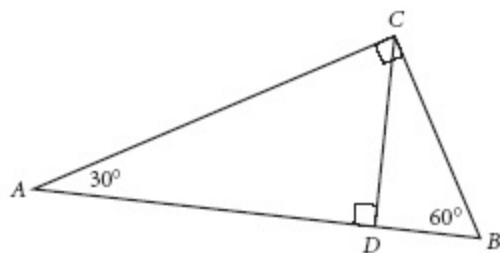




Practice Masters Level B

5.5 Special Triangles and Areas of Regular Polygons

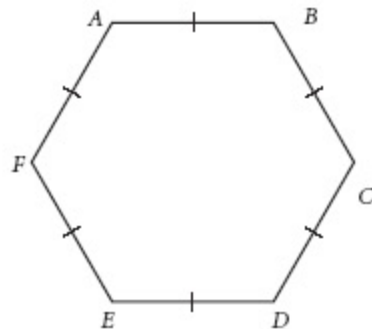
In $\triangle ABC$, $\overline{AC} \perp \overline{BC}$, \overline{CD} is the altitude to \overline{AB} . Use the figure to find the missing measures in Exercises 1–6.



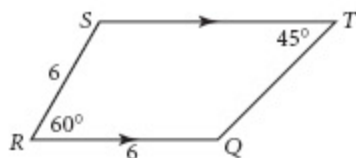
	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>CD</u>	<u>AD</u>	<u>DB</u>	<u>AC</u>
1.	8	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
2.	_____	2	_____	_____	_____	_____
3.	_____	_____	4	_____	_____	_____
4.	_____	_____	_____	9	_____	_____
5.	_____	_____	_____	_____	10	_____
6.	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	12

For Exercises 7–9, refer to the regular hexagon, $ABCDEF$.

- If the area of $ABCDEF$ is 841.8 square units, find the length of each side. _____
- If the area of $ABCDEF$ is 841.8 square units, find the length of the apothem. _____
- If the apothem equals 4, what is the area?



For Exercises 10 and 11, refer to trapezoid $TQRS$.



- Find the perimeter of $TQRS$. _____
- Find the area of $TQRS$. _____

In the figure at the right, $m\angle BAC = 45^\circ$ and $m\angle D = 30^\circ$.

- Find AC . _____
- Find AD . _____
- Find CD . _____

