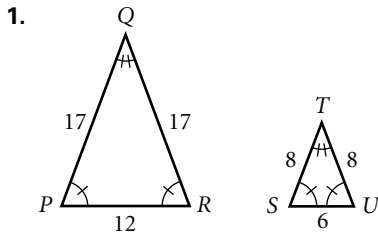
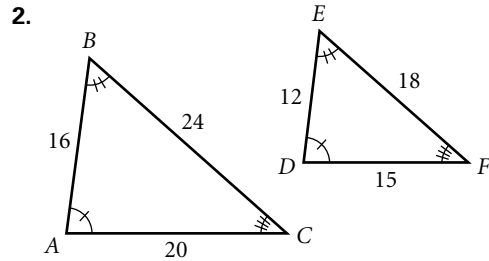


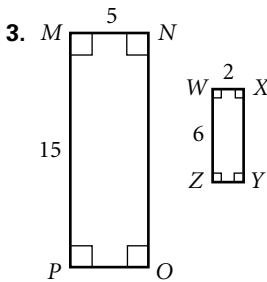
Practice

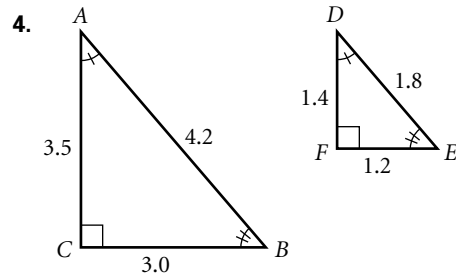
8.2 Similar Polygons

In Exercises 1–4, determine whether the polygons are similar. Explain your reasoning. If the polygons are similar, write a similarity statement.









Solve each proportion for x .

5. $\frac{x}{18} = \frac{22}{12}$

7. $\frac{1}{4} = \frac{5}{8x}$

9. $\frac{3}{x-3} = \frac{5}{x+1}$

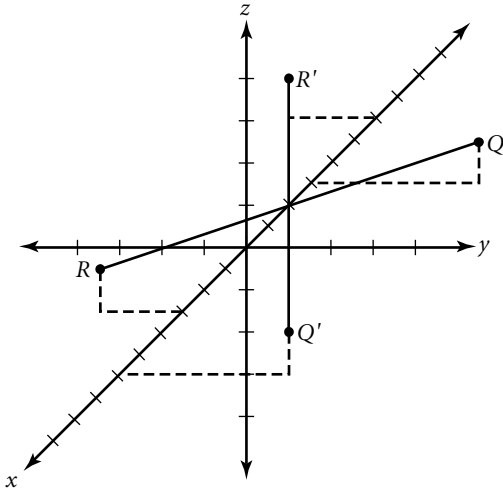
6. $\frac{22}{x} = \frac{2}{18}$

8. $\frac{8}{x} = \frac{x}{50}$

10. $\frac{3x-7}{15} = \frac{2x-1}{21}$

Answers

14.



Practice — Chapter 8

Lesson 8.1

- scale factor = 2
- scale factor = 2.5
- scale factor = -0.5
- scale factor = -1.5
- $y = \frac{3}{2}x$;
Substituting $O(0, 0)$ in for x and y gives $0 = 0$, which is true. Thus, the origin is on this line.
- $y = 4x$;
Substituting $O(0, 0)$ in for x and y gives $0 = 0$, which is true. Thus, the origin is on this line.
- $y = 2x$;
Substituting $O(0, 0)$ in for x and y gives $0 = 0$, which is true. Thus, the origin is on this line.
- $y = \frac{4}{3}x$;
Substituting $O(0, 0)$ in for x and y gives $0 = 0$, which is true. Thus, the origin is on this line.

9. $y = -\frac{3}{4}x$;

Substituting $O(0, 0)$ in for x and y gives $0 = 0$, which is true. Thus, the origin is on this line.

10. $y = x$;

Substituting $O(0, 0)$ in for x and y gives $0 = 0$, which is true. Thus, the origin is on this line.

Lesson 8.2

- No; $\frac{PR}{SU} = \frac{12}{6} = 2$, but $\frac{PQ}{ST} = \frac{17}{8} \neq 2$.
- Yes; It is given that $\angle A \cong \angle D$, $\angle B \cong \angle E$, and $\angle C \cong \angle F$.
Also, $\frac{AB}{DE} = \frac{AC}{DF} = \frac{BC}{EF} = \frac{4}{3}$,
so $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$.
- Yes; $\angle M \cong \angle W$, $\angle N \cong \angle X$, $\angle P \cong \angle Z$, and $\angle O \cong \angle Y$; and
 $\frac{MN}{WX} = \frac{NO}{XY} = \frac{PO}{ZY} = \frac{MP}{WZ} = \frac{5}{2}$,
so rectangle $MNOP \sim$ rectangle $WXYZ$.
- No; $\frac{AC}{DF} = \frac{3.5}{1.4} = \frac{5}{2}$,
but $\frac{AB}{DE} = \frac{4.2}{1.8} = \frac{7}{3} \neq \frac{5}{2}$.
- $x = 33$ 6. $x = 198$ 7. $x = 40$
- $x = 20$ or -20 9. $x = 9$ 10. $x = 4$

Lesson 8.3

- Yes; $\frac{AB}{ED} = \frac{BC}{EF} = \frac{AC}{DF} = \frac{2}{3}$, so
 $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$ by SSS Similarity Theorem.
- Yes; $m\angle G = 60^\circ$, so $\triangle GHI \sim \triangle LKM$ by AA Similarity Postulate.